RAYEN JOINTS WHITENER Code: 930076/002

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

SUBSTANCES:

Not applicable (mixture).

3.2 **MIXTURES**

This product is a mixture.

Chemical mixture.

INGREDIENTS:



Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) (CAS: 64742-82-1) , List No. 919-446-0 REACH: 01-2119458049-33 (CAS: 64742-82-1) , List No. 919-446-0 REACH: 01-2119458049-33 CLP: Danger: Flam. Liq. 3:H226 | STOT SE (narcosis) 3:H336 | STOT RE 1:H372i | Asp. Tox. 1:H304 | Aquatic Chronic 2:H411 | EUH066

Autoclassified < REACH

Does not contain other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

Stabilizers:

None

Reference to other sections:

For more information, see sections 8, 11, 12 and 16.

SUBSTANCES OF VERY HIGH CONCERN (SVHC):

List updated by ECHA on 17/12/2015.

Substances SVHC subject to authorisation, included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:

None

Substances SVHC candidate to be included in Annex XIV of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006:

None

PERSISTENT, BIOACCUMULABLE AND TOXIC PBT, OR VERY PERSISTENT AND VERY BIOACCUMULABLE VPVB SUBSTANCES:

Does not contain substances that fulfill the PBT/vPvB criteria.

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SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.2

DESCRIPTION OF FIRST-AID MEASURES AND MAIN SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, ACUTE AND DELAYED:

Symptoms may occur after exposure, so that in case of direct exposure to the product, when in doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Route of exposure	Symptoms and effects, acute and delayed	Description of first-aid measures
Inhalation:	Normaly does not produce symptoms.	In case of mist or vapour inhalation, move the patient to a well ventilated area.
Skin:	In case of prolonged contact, the skin may become dry.	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash thoroughly the affected area with plenty of cold or lukewarm water and neutral soap, or use a suitable skin cleanser. Do not use solvents or thinners.
Eyes:	Contact with the eyes produces redness and pain.	Remove contact lenses. Rinse eyes copiously by irrigation with plenty of clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart. If irritation persists, consult a physician.
Ingestion:	If swallowed in high doses, may cause gastrointestinal disturbances.	If swallowed, seek immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting, due to the risk of aspiration. Keep the patient at rest.

4.3 INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED:

Notes to physician: Treatment should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.

Antidotes and contraindications: Specific antidote not known.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:**

Extinguishing powder or CO2. In the case of more important fires, also alcohol resistant foam. Water may serve for cooling, but it is inefficient in extinguishing. Do not use for extinguishing: direct water jet. Direct water jet may not be effective to extinguish the fire, since the fire may spread.

5.2 SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE:

Fire can produce a dense black smoke. As consequence of combustion or thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

5.3 ADVICE FOR FIREFIGHTERS:

Special protective equipment: Depending on magnitude of fire, heat-proof protective clothing may be required, appropriate independent breathing apparatus, gloves, protective glasses or face masks and boots. If the fire-proof protective equipment is not available or not used, combat fire from a sheltered position or at a safe distance. The standard EN469 provides a basic level of protection for chemical incidents. Other recommendations: Cool with water the tanks, cisterns or containers close to sources of heat or fire. Bear in mind the direction of the wind. Do not allow fire-fighting residue to enter drains, sewers or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES:

Eliminate possible sources of ignition and when appropriate, ventilate the area. Do not smoke. Avoid direct contact with this product. Avoid breathing vapours. Keep people without protection in opossition to the wind direction. The floor may become slippery.

6.2 <u>ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS:</u>

Avoid contamination of drains, surface or subterranean water and soil. In the case of large scale spills or when the product contaminates lakes, rivers or sewages, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

6.3 METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP:

Contain and mop up spills with non-combustible absorbent materials (earth, sand, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth, etc..). Clean preferably with a biodegradable detergent. Keep the remains in a closed container.

6.4 REFERENCE TO OTHER SECTIONS:

For contact information in case of emergency, see section 1.

For information on safe handling, see section 7.

For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

For subsequent waste disposal, follow the recommendations in section 13.

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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING:

Comply with the existing legislation on health and safety at work.

Use in areas free from sources of ignition and away from heat or electrical sources. Do not smoke. Avoid any type of leakage or escape. Keep the container tightly closed.

ecommendations for the prevention of fire and explosion risks:

Vapours are heavier than air, may spread along floors to a considerable distance, can form explosive mixtures with air and are able to reach distant ignition sources and flame up or explode. Due to its flammability, this material should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded and away from other heat or electrical sources. Do not smoke. Recommendations for the prevention of toxicological risks

Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling. After handling, wash hands with soap and water. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

Recommendations for the prevention of environmental contamination

It is not considered a danger to the environment. In the case of accidental spillage, follow the instructions indicated in section 6.

7.2

CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES:
Forbid the entry to unauthorized persons. Keep out of reach of children. This product should be stored isolated from heat and electrical sources. Do not smoke in storage area. If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight. Avoid extreme humidity conditions. In order to avoid leakages, the containers, after use, should be closed carefully and placed in a vertical position. For more information, see section 10. According to current legislation.
min: 5. °C, max: 40. °C (recommended).

Class of store Temperature interval

Incompatible materia

Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.

According to current legislation.

<u>imit quantity (Seveso III):</u> Directive 96/82/EC~2003/105/EC:

Not applicable.

7.3 SPECIFIC END USES:

For the use of this product do not exist particular recommendations apart from that already indicated.

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

CONTROL PARAMETERS:

If a product contains ingredients with exposure limits, may be necessary a personnel monitoring, work place or biological, to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to EN689, EN14042 and EN482 standard concerning methods for assessing the exposure by inhalation to chemical agents, and exposure to chemical and biological agents. Reference should be also made to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of dangerous substances.

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES (TLV)

AGCIH 2013	<u>Year</u>	TLV-TWA		TLV-STE	L- Ceiling value	Remarks
Hydrocarbons C9-C12 (aromatics 2-25%) 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one Mixture CIT EC 247-500-7 MIT EC 220-239-6 (3:1) Mineral oil	1999	ppm 100. -	mg/m3 - 0.10 0.080 5.0	ppm	mg/m3 0.060 0.23 10.	Recommended Recommended Mist

TLV - Threshold Limit Value, TWA - Time Weighted Average, STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit.

BIOLOGICAL LIMIT VALUES:

Not stablished

DERIVED NO-EFFECT LEVEL (DNEL):

Derived no-effect level (DNEL) is a level of exposure that is considered safe, derived from toxicity data according to specific guidances included in REACH. DNEL values may differ from a occupational exposure limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OEL values may come recommended by a particular company, a government regulatory agency or an organization of experts. Although considered protective of health, the OEL values are derived by a process different of REACH.

Derived no-effect level, workers

Not applicable (product for consumers use).

Derived no-effect level, general population: - Systemic effects, acute and chronic: Hydrocarbons C9-C12 (aromatics 2-25%) 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one Mixture CIT EC 247-500-7 MIT EC 220-239-6 (3:1)	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3 s/r (a) 71.0 (c) - (a) - (c) - (a) - (c)	DNEL Cutaneous mg/kg bw/d s/r (a) 26.0 (c) - (a) - (c) - (a) - (c)	DNEL Oral mg/kg bw/d s/r (a) 26.0 (c) - (a) - (c) - (a) - (c)
Derived no-effect level, general population: - Local effects, acute and chronic: Hydrocarbons C9-C12 (aromatics 2-25%) 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one Mixture CIT EC 247-500-7 MIT EC 220-239-6 (3:1)	DNEL Inhalation mg/m3 s/r (a) s/r (c) - (a) - (c) - (a) - (c)	DNEL Cutaneous mg/cm2 s/r (a) s/r (c) - (a) - (c) - (a) - (c)	DNEL Eyes mg/cm2 - (a) - (c) - (a) - (c) - (a) - (c)

- (a) Acute, short-term exposure, (c) Chronic, long-term or repeated exposure. (-) DNEL not available (without data of registration REACH).
- s/r DNEL not derived (not identified hazard).

PREDICTED NO-EFFECT CONCENTRATION (PNEC):

Predicted no-effect concentration, aquatic organisms: - Fresh water, marine water and intermitent release: Hydrocarbons C9-C12 (aromatics 2-25%) 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one Mixture CIT EC 247-500-7 MIT EC 220-239-6 (3:1)	PNEC Fresh water mg/l uvcb - -	PNEC Marine mg/l uvcb - -	PNEC Intermittent mg/l uvcb
- Wastewater treatment plants (STP) and sediments in fresh- and marine water: Hydrocarbons C9-C12 (aromatics 2-25%) 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one Mixture CIT EC 247-500-7 MIT EC 220-239-6 (3:1)	PNEC STP	PNEC Sediments	PNEC Sediments
	mg/l	mg/kg dry weight	mg/kg dry weight
	uvcb	uvcb	uvcb
	-	-	-
	-	-	-
Predicted no-effect concentration, terrestrial organisms: - Air, soil and effects for predators and humans: Hydrocarbons C9-C12 (aromatics 2-25%) 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one Mixture CIT EC 247-500-7 MIT EC 220-239-6 (3:1)	PNEC Air	PNEC Soil	PNEC Oral
	mg/m3	mg/kg dry weight	mg/kg bw/d
	uvcb	uvcb	uvcb
	-	-	-
	-	-	-

(-) - PNEC not available (without data of registration REACH).

uvcb - The substance has an unknown or variable composition (UVCB). The conventional methods to derive the PNEC are not appropriate and it is not possible to identify a single PNEC representative for these substances, and therefore not used in calculations for risk assessment.

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8.2 **EXPOSURE CONTROLS:**

ENGINEERING MEASURES:



Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction.

Protection of respiratory system: Avoid the inhalation of vapours.

Protection of eyes and face: It is recommended to dispose of water taps or sources with clean water close to the working area.

Protection of hands and skin: It is recommended to dispose of water taps or sources with clean water close to the working area. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin. Barrier creams should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

OCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS: Directive 89/686/EEC~96/58/EC:

As a general measure on prevention and safety in the work place, we recommend the use of a basic personal protection equipment (PPE), with the corresponding EC marking. For more information on personal protective equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, type and characteristics of the PPE, protection class, marking, category, CEN norm, etc..), you should consult the informative brochures provided by the manufacturers of PPE.

of PPE.
No, unless the inhalation of mists is to be avoided.
Safety goggles designed to protect against liquid splashes, with suitable lateral protection (EN166). Clean daily and disinfect at regular intervals in accordance with the instructions of the manufacturer.
No.
Oil-resistant gloves (EN374). When it can be a repeated or prolonged contact, it is recommended to use gloves with a protection level 5 or higher, with a breakthrough time >240 min. When you only expects a short contact, it is recommended to use gloves with a protection level 2 or higher, with a breakthrough time >30 min. The breakthrough time of the selected glove material should be in accordance with the pretended period of use. There are several factors (for example, temperature), they do in practice the period of use of a protective gloves resistant against chemicals is clearly lower than the established standard EN374. Due to the wide variety of circumstances and possibilities, we must have in mind the manual of instructions from manufacturers of gloves. The gloves should be immediately replaced when any sign of degradation is noted.
No.
No.
Suitable work clothes which avoid contact with the product should be worn. Do not use contaminated clothing or shoes. Wash contaminated work clothes before wearing them again.

hermal hazards

Not applicable (the product is handled at room temperature).

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS:

Avoid any spillage in the environment. Avoid any release into the atmosphere.

Spills on the soil: Prevent contamination of soil.

Spills in water: Important spills may form a film on the surface of the water which prevents oxygenation of the same, thus harming aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects on the aquatic environment. Do not allow to escape into drains, sewers or water courses. missions to the atmosphere: Because of volatility, emissions to the atmosphere while handling and use may result. Avoid any release into

VOC (industrial installations): If this product is used in an industrial installation, it must be verified if it is applicable the Directive 1999/13/EC, on the limitation of emissions of volatile compounds due to the use of organic solvents in certain activities and installations: Solvents: 1.5% Weight, VOC (supply): 1.5% Weight, VOC: 1.3% C (expressed as carbon), Molecular weight (average): 146.0, Number C atoms (average): 10.3.

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

Appearance Physical state Liquid.

- Colour - Odour Characteristic - Odour threshold Not available (mixture).

pH-value 8.5 ± 0.5 at 20°C · pH

Change of state

- Melting point

- Initial boiling point -6. °C > 100. °C at 760 mmHg Density

Relative density 1.6 ± 0.05 # at 20/4°C Relative water **Stability**

Decomposition temperature 350. °C

Viscosity: Dynamic viscosity 4000. ± 2000. cps 20°C Kinematic viscosity 850. mm2/s at 40°C

Volatility: - Vapour pressure Solubility(ies) Not available

Solubility in water:Solubility in oils and fats: Not miscible Not available Flammability:

Flash point 115. °C

· Autoignition temperature Not applicable (do not support combustion). Explosive properties

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air and are able to flame up or explode in presence of an ignition source.

Not classified as oxidizing product.

9.2 OTHER INFORMATION:

- VOC (supply) - VOC (supply) 1.5 % Weight 24.0 g/l

The values indicated do not always coincide with product specifications. The data for the product specifications can be found in the technical data sheet of the same. For additional information concerning physical and chemical properties related to safety and environment, see sections 7 and 12.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 REACTIVITY: Corrosivity to metals: It is not corrosive to metals. Pyrophorical properties: It is not pyrophoric.

10.2 CHEMICAL STABILITY:

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.

10.3 POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS:

Possible dangerous reaction with oxidizing agents.

10.4 **CONDITIONS TO AVOID:**

Heat: Keep away from sources of heat.
Light: If possible, avoid direct contact with sunlight.

Not applicable.

Humidity: Avoid extreme humidity conditions.

Pressure: Not applicable.

Shock: Not applicable.

10.5 INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:

Keep away from oxidixing agents, from strongly alkaline and strongly acid materials.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: 10.6

As consequence of thermal decomposition, hazardous products may be produced: carbon monoxide.

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS:

ACUTE TOXICITY:

<u>Dose and lethal concentrations :</u> - LD50 Oral Rats

- LD50 Cutaneous Rabbits

No observed adverse effect level

Not available

owest observed adverse effect level

Not available

INFORMATION ON LIKELY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE: Acute toxicity:

THE OTHER TOTAL OF LINE OF LANGUAGE.					
Routes of exposure	Acute toxicity	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed		
Inhalation: Not classified	ATE > 5000 mg/m3	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if inhaled (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).		
Skin: Not classified	ATE > 2000 mg/kg	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity in contact with skin (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).		
Eyes: Not classified	Not available	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity by eye contact (lack of data).		
Ingestion: Not classified	ATE > 5000 mg/kg	-	Not classified as a product with acute toxicity if swallowed (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).		

5000. mg/kg 2000. mg/kg

CORROSION / IRRITATION / SENSITISATION:

Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed
Respiratory corrosion/irritation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product corrosive or irritant by inhalation (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).
Skin corrosion/irritation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product corrosive or irritant in contact with skin (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).
Serious eye damage/irritation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product corrosive or irritant in contact with eyes (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).
Respiratory sensitisation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product sensitising by inhalation (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).
Skin sensitisation: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product sensitising by skin contact (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).

Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one, mixture CIT EC 247-500-7 MIT EC 220-239-6 (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

ASPIRATION HAZARD:

Danger class	Target organs	Cat.	Main effects, acute and/or delayed
Aspiration hazard: Not classified	-	-	Not classified as a product hazardous by aspiration (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGANS TOXICITY (STOT): Single exposure (SE) and/or Repeated exposure (RE):

Not classified as a dangerous product for target organs (based on available data, the classification criteria are not met).

Carcinogenic effects: Is not considered as a carcinogenic product.

Genotoxicity: Is not considered as a mutagenic product.

Toxicity for reproduction: Do not harm fertility. Do not harm the fetus developping. Effects via lactation: Not classified as a hazardous product for children breast-fed.

CE50 (OECD 201)

0.37

0.018

4.6 Algae

Algae

Algae

mg/l.72hours

Revision: 06/06/2022

CE50 (OECD 202)

> 10. Daphnia

0.85 Daphnia

0.16 Daphnia

mg/l.48hours

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DELAYED AND IMMEDIATE EFFECTS AS WELL AS CHRONIC EFFECTS FROM SHORT AND LONG-TERM EXPOSURE: Routes of exposure: May be absorbed by inhalation of vapour, through the skin and by ingestion.

Short-term exposure: Exposure to solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit, may result in adverse health effects, such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Liquid splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage. If swallowed, may cause irritation of the throat; other effects may be the same as described in the exposure to vapours.

ated exposure: Repeated or prolonged contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

NTERACTIVE EFFECTS:

Not available.

INFORMATION ABOUT TOXICOCINETICS, METABOLISM AND DISTRIBUTION:

Dermal absorption: Not available.

Basic toxicokinetics: Not available.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

May slightly irritate the eyes temporarily. Inhalation of sprayed mist or particles in suspension may irritate the respiratory system. If swallowed, may cause gastrointestinal problems. Repeated or prolonged contact may cause cutaneous complaints.

CL50 (OECD 203)

10. Fishes

1.2 Fishes

0.19 Fishes

mg/l.96hours

>

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No experimental ecotoxicological data on the preparation as such is available. The ecotoxicological classification for these mixture has been carried out by using the conventional calculation method of the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008~487/2013 (CLP).

Hydrocarbons C9-C12 (aromatics 2-25%)
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one
Mixture CIT EC 247-500-7 MIT EC 220-23

for individual ingredients

220-239-6 (3:1)

No observed effect concentration Not available

owest observed effect concentration

Acute toxicity in aquatic environment

Not available

12.2 PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY:

Not available.

IOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL: 12.3

Not available.

Bioaccumulation logPow	<u>BCF</u>	<u>Potential</u>
for individual ingredients :	L/kg	
Hydrocarbons Č9-C12 (aromatics 2-25%)		Not available
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one 0.640	3.2 (calculated)	Unlikely, low
Mixture CIT EC 247-500-7 MIT EC 220-239-6 (3:1) -0.830	3.2 (calculated)	No bioaccumulable

12.4 MOBILITY IN SOIL:

Not available.

RESULTS OF PBT AND VPVB ASSESMENT: Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006: 12.5

Does not contain substances that fulfill the PBT/vPvB criteria.

12.6 OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS:

Ozone depletion potential: Not available.

Photochemical ozone creation potential: Not available.

Earth global warming potential: Not available.

ndocrine disrupting potential: Not available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTETREATMENT METHODS: Directive 2008/98/EC~Regulation (EU) no. 1357/2014: 13.1

Take all necessary measures to prevent the production of waste whenever possible. Analyse possible methods for revaluation or recycling. Do not discharge into drains or the environment, dispose of at an authorised waste collection point. Waste should be handled and disposed of in accordance with current local and national regulations. For exposure controls and personal protection measures, see section 8.

Disposal of empty containers: Directive 94/62/EC~2005/20/EC, Decision 2000/532/EC~2014/955/EU:

Emptied containers and packaging should be disposed of in accordance with currently local and national regulations. The classification of packaging as hazardous waste will depend on the degree of empting of the same, being the holder of the residue responsible for their classification,)in accordance with Chapter 15 01 of Decision 2000/532/EC, and forwarding to the appropriate final destination. With contaminated containers and packaging, adopt the same measures as for the product in itself.

rocedures for neutralising or destroying the product:

Authorised landfill in accordance with local regulations.

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

16.1 TEXT OF THE PHRASES AND NOTES REFERENCED IN SECTIONS 2 AND/OR 3:

zard statements according the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008~487/2013 (CLP), Annex III

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. H372i Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

ADVICES ON ANY TRAINING APPROPRIATE FOR WORKERS:

It is recommended for all staff that will handle this product to carry out a basic training in occupational risk and prevention, in order to provide understanding and interpretation of material safety data sheets and labelling of products as well.

MAIN LITERATURE REFERENCES AND SOURCES FOR DATA:

- European Chemicals Agency: ECHA, http://echa.europa.eu/
- Access to European Union Law, http://eur-lex.europa.eu/ Industrial Solvents Handbook, Ibert Mellan (Noyes Data Co., 1970).
- Threshold Limit Values, (AGCIH, 2013).

BBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

List of abbreviations and acronyms that can be used (but not necessarily used) in this material safety data sheet:

- REACH: Regulation concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals.
- DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive.
- DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals of the United Nations. CLP: European regularion on Classificatin, Labelling amd Packaging of substances and chemical mixtures. EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

- ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances. CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (Division of the American Chemical Society).
- UVCB: Substances of Unknown or Variable composition, complex reaction products or biological materials). SVHC: Substances of Very High Concern.
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic substances.
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulable substances.
- VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level (REACH).
 PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration (REACH).
- LD50: Letal dose, 50 percent
- LC50: Letal concentration, 50 percent.
- UN: United Nations Organisation.
- ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangeous goods by road.
- RID: Regulations concerning the international transport of dangeous goods by rail.
- IMDG: International Maritime code for Dangerous Goods.
- IATA: International Air Transport Association.
- ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

SAFETY DATA SHEET REGULATIONS:

Material Safety Data Sheet in accordance with Article 31 of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) and Annex of Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830.

HISTORY: Version:

Version: 2

Modifications with respect to the previous Material Safety Data Sheet:

The possible legislative, contextual, numerical, methodological and normative changes with respect to the previous version are highlighted in this Material Safety Data Sheet by a mark # in red and italic.

The information of this Material Safety Data Sheet, is based on the present state of knowledge and on current UE and national laws, as the users' working conditions are beyond our knowledge and control. The product is not to be used for other purposes than those specified, without first obtaining written handling instruction. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps in order to fulfil the demand laid down in the local rules and legislation. The information in this Material Safety Data Sheet is meant as a description of the safety requirements of the product and it is not to be considered as a guarantee of the product's properties.